SHALL ZION PUT INWATER METERS

Representative Citizens of Salt Lake Express Their Views Upon Question.

MAJORITY OF THEM OPPOSE PROPOSED PLAN

of the 55 Persons Interviewed 31 Opposed, 20 Favorable, 4 Non-Committal.

The proposed installation of a general water meter system in Salt Lake which was proposed by Councilman Mulvey, and which has been presented and considered in the city council, has been the cause of considerable discussion among the people who will be directly affected should an ordinance providing therefor be passed.

In order that the public should be made acquainted with the prevailing view on the subject, The Tribune submitted three questions to a number of property owners. These questions

vere: 1-Should there be a general meter system for water extended throughout -How would it affect lawns?

2-How would it affect lawns; 3-if meters are put in should the city do so or the property owners? The first we men interviewed are representative citizens. Twenty fa-vored a meter system, thirty-one were nst it, and four were non-commit-Here are their views upon the

Subject.

Gouncilman McKinney—There is no need of the installation of a general water mater system in this city at the present time. There is no necessity for it. If the present laws pertaining to the use of city water were enforced there would be an abundance of water the year round. The requirement to have water meters installed in every home would be a detriment to the lawis of the city, for the people would not be anxious to beautify their property it compelled to pay for every drop of water used, in addition to paying for the meter. The people should get water at cost. If a meter system is installed, the city should pay for the meters and they should be furnished free to the people.

Joy H. Johnson, president Commercial Councilman McKinney-There is

by H. Johnson, president Commercial club—I am opposed to the plan of in-stalling a general meter system in Salt Lake. It would have the effect. Sait Lake. It would have the effect, I fear of destroying the beauty of the laws and parkings of our city. The city should install and pay for the makers as a part of the water system if the system is installed.

Governor William Spry says that he is in favor of water meters. "I believe, said the governor, "that the meter system is the only one that will properly conserve the water sumply. We all nserve the water supply. We all low of the waste of water in this city and it should be stopped. As to what should furnish the meters, I have no given the matter any thought, but i should be so arranged that it will no work a hardship upon the water users.

W. F. Beer-I do not favor the or. W. F. Beer-I do not favor the in-stallation of a general system of water meters—the cost would be too much for some of the poorer people of the city. I do heartily favor the proposal that large institutions pay for their water by the meter system, as by the meter system there would be a great deal less wasted. If all were com-pelled to put meters into their homes it would not have a good effect on the lawns, as people would use just as lit-tle water as possible. If meters are installed, the city should bear the ex-pense.

A. Fisher-I believe in the use of water meters. I think property owners should pay for meters, but these pay-ments should be so arranged as to work the least possible hardship on mall water users.

sors the least possible hardship on amali water users.

Stephen Hayes—Water meter regulations ought to be very strict and indiscriminately administered. I believe if strictly conducted, the meter system will result beneficially for the city—I mean for business property. There are always persons who will take undue advantage of unrestricted water use, and I believe that the meter system, if so arranged as not to add too much to tax burdens of the people, would tend to keep the lawns green and the flowers and the roses more bealthful for the reason that all would have sufficient water, and not a tenth part would go to waste, as is the case under the present system. As to the third interrogatory, I think this belongs entirely to the water system or department and is absolutely under its control.

A. Fred Wey—I am in favor of the meter

A Fred Wey—I am in favor of the meter system and its universal installment throughout the city. It is the only equitable manner in which to distribute water to all concerned. The effect upon lawns would be immeasurably beneficial in all parts of the

"Dr. Miles' Nervine Completely Cured Our Little Boy of Fits."

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them for four years. I tried three
doctors and one specialist but all of
them said he could not be cured,
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I shall give Dr. Miles' medicines
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F. M. BOGUE, Windfall, Ind.

reply."
F. M. BOGUE, Windfall, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is just what it is represented to be, a medicine compounded especially for nervous diseases, such as fits, spasms, St. Vitus' dance, convulsions and epilepsy. These diseases frequently lead to insanity or cause weak minds. Dr. Miles' Nervine has proven most effective in relieving these dreaded maladies.

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Fine in Five Minutes.

A full case of Pape's Dispepsin costs only 50 cents and will thoroughly cure your out of order stomach, and leave sufficient about the house in case some one else in the family may suffer from stomach trouble or Indigestion.

cent cases, then you will understand

regulation of the city authorities. This would insure, during the season of scarcity of water, some sort of supply—at least sufficient for immediate wants, at all such times—to everybody, and would in a large degree tend to prevent the indiscriminate waste of water by parties who have large lawns and, under the present system, allow water to go to waste to the injury and suffering of people who are deprived of water for domestic purposes, when the supply may run short.

short

O. F. Peterson—If the meter system is successful and fair as a measure of water used. I say yes, a general meter system should be installed. This would check the reckless waste of water that is the work of the water hogs and the careless property owners. The system might hurt some lawns and some, of course, it would not, as some of the people are too lazy in many cases to sprinkle their lawns under the flat rate. Probably the city should install the meters.

W. J. Halloran-I believe it is entirely

y. J. Halloran—I believe it is entirely unnecessary to meter residences of Salt Lake. In other words, I am unalterably opposed to it. It would have a bad effect. It would cause a tendency to discard the beauty for which salt Lake now is noted—oretty lawns and shrubbery. Our lawns are talked of now all over the country, and to do anything at all to elminate them would be detracting from the beauty of the country.

anything at all to elminate them would be detracting from the beauties of the city. If meters should be installed, and I sincerely hope they will not, the property owners should pay for them. Waiter J. Meeks—I do not favor the meter system and I do not think a general system should be installed. A great many peoffe would quit watering trees, shrubbery and lawns. This would tend to destroy one of the most beautiful features of our city. The city and not the property owners should nay

and not the property owners should pay for meters if installed.

There is plenty of water, and I see need of a me' " system. If the pea are compelled to pay by meter t will permit the r lawns to die, and no case will they be willing to pay parking. In some sections of the it takes a great deal more water leep lawns fresh and green than other parts, on account of the dif-ence in soils and altitude. The met if installed, should be purchased by

M. H. Soules, Secretary Salt Lake Hard-ware Co.—I believe there should be

order to equalize water rates. As it I now, some people get more water that they should for the rates they are paying. As the city grows, closer restrictions in the matter of use and waste of

of the water system.

W. B. McCartney, of Meeks & McCartney
—I favor water meters. I believe it
will be cheaper for the consumers and
the city will save by the system. There
is danger that lawns will be neglected
under the meter system. The city
should pay for the meters and installing
them.

L. S. Hills, President Deseret National Bank—I am heartly in favor of the meter system. It is the only way I see to stop the waste of water. It may have a bad effect on the lawns. Still, I think one-third of the water now used would be sufficient for lawns. I think separate hydrants should be installed for watering the narks as customers.

separate hydrants should be installed for watering the parks, as customers should not have to pay for watering the street parkings. As a matter of course, the consumers would pay for the meters, I should say.

Frank B. Stephens-I see no reason for

ware Co.-I believe there should be a general system of meters installed in

the meters.

A Little Diapepsin Makes Your why Dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why they usually relieve sour, out-of-order Stomach Feel sour, out-of-order stomachs or Indigestion in five minutes. Diapepsin is harm. less and tastes like candy, though each dose contains power sufficient to digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but, what will please If what you just ate is souring on the blood all the food you eat; besides, your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, it makes you go to the table with a refusing to digest or you beled Gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of Dizziness, Heartburn, Fullness, Nausea, Bad Taste in mouth and noss, Nausea, Bad Taste in mouth and stomach headache—this is Indigestion.

ousness or constipation.

This city will have many Diapepsin cranks, as some people will call them; but you will be cranky about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you did stomach preparation, too, if you ever try a little for Indigestion or Gas Ask your pharmacist to show you the Get some new, this minute, and for ormula plainly printed on these 50 ever rid yourself of Stomach Trouble

city for the reason that we have an abundance of water which, when properly used, to meet all domestic and lawn sprinkling purposes, not only for present needs, but for a city of 500,000 people. The water supply for this city is owned by the municipality. It is, in fact, a commercial proposition. Meters should be put in from the profits that accrue from the sale of water. If this plan were adopted, future users of water would know just what they would have to meet. The system now in vogue is that of favoritism, class legislation, that is neither just or equitable to the people. I think the universal meter system should be adopted. amount of water needed to keep them up is not as much as some seem to think. As to the parks, I believe a separate hydrant should be installed for that part of the sprinkling or else the amount of water allotted for that purpose should be deducted from the property owner's water bill. I think if the system is installed that the same system in use with the gas company and the light company should prevail. I wish to add that I believe the parking of streets is the most attractive feature of our city's streets, and in addition to having free water for them that they should be laid out by an experienced landscape gardener. Some day we may see our mistake in not having this done.

W. N. Williams, manager Co-op. Furniamount of water needed to keep then Harry Joseph—In line with all other well regulated cities, the meter system should be adopted and all meters put in should be under the sole care and regulation of the city authorities. This would insure, during the season of

W. N. Williams, manager Co-op. Furni W. N. Williams, manager Co-op. Furni-ture company—No. we should increase the supply, if practical, instead of put-ting in meters. People of means will not be affected much, but the lawns of the peorer classes will suffer. The taxpayers will have to pay for the meters anyway, hence there is little difference which way it goes.

at present. The ohn C. Cutler, Jr., investment banker— Not at present. The city is hardly large enough. The water supply adequate, if properly taken care of. Mathonihah Thomas-It is evident that

H. L. A. Culmer, member board of gov

c. I. A. Culmer, member board of governors, Commercial club—I am dead set against the proposition of Installing a general meter system in the city. It would may the beauty of our lawns and parkings by causing the people to neglect sprinkling. The city should foot the bill both of installing and for the meters. George T. Odell, vice president of the Commercial club—The system is all wrong and I am opposed to it. I should say that the lawns and parkings would be neglected under the system, as many would hesitate to use water enough for fear of an extra cost. The city should pay for the meters if they are put in, of course.

Fred C. Bassett, county treasurer—I am in favor of water meters if the propo-

in favor of water meters if the proposition does not increase the cost of water. There is no question that something should be done to eliminate the water hog, and the meter system ought to do it. I do not think, however, that the cost of water to consumers should be increased.

be increased. P. Palmer, chief clerk of the county clerk's office-I am in favor of the meter system, but am undecided as to who should furnish the meters. Am of opinion, however, that they should be furnished in such way as not to work a hardship on the water users.

for meters if installed.

Joseph E. Caine, Secretary Commercial Club-1 am decidedly opposed to the proposition of installing a general meter system in Salt Lake. The people here own the water and the city uses it by the grace of the people, and, as a user, is not entitled to profit. There is plenty of water, and I see no need of a me' system. If the people . J. Weber, attorney—I am in favor of the meter system, but have not given the matter of the furnishing of meters sufficient thought to enable me to dis-

C. S. Burton, cashier of the State Bank c. S. Burton, cashier of the State Bank of Utah—No. We don't want the meter system. The present system is all right if managed economically. If meters are put in it should be only at the solicitation of water users. Effects upon lawns will depend upon the cost. If the cost is increased the effects will be detrimental to lawns. If people are compelled to put in meters then the city should pay the bill.

city should pay the bill.

James D. Murdoch, ex-city councilman—

No. I believe we should not have the meter system. All our energy should go toward increasing the present supply. Let the future generations handle the meter system, and let the present be devoted to making the supply adequate. Meters would seriously affect lawns, because present price, 2 cents per square yard, is cheaper than 7 cents per 1900 gallons through the meper square yard, is cheaper than 7 cents per 1000 gallons through the me-ter. The city should pay the bill water is necessary. In the matter of lawns, the city should adjust rates to encourage property owners to put in lawns and keet them up, as they have been, and should continue to be, one of the chief attractions of the city. The city should pay for the meters as a part of the water system. George S. Auerbach of Auerbach Bros I believe that the meter system is t

Stomach Sufferers Squander Millions

In Search of Relief.

Trial Package of Stuart's Dyspensia Tablets Free.

should pay for the meters and installing them.

John James—There certainly should be a general meter system for the entire city. It would be the means of preventing a great waste that now exists for the reason that property owners would be more particular in caring for leaky plumbing. From what I tearn, persons would be able to maintain their lawns without any additional expense, and the probability is that it would mean a great saving. The city should put the meters in and collect for same in the form of a tax. If the entire city is going to be metered at all, it seems to me the only way for it to be carried through successfully would be for the municipality to assume the entire responsibility by purchasing the meters and facing them in the houses. Should any other plan be adopted, I am afraid it would result in no end of trouble through prosecutions of those who fail to obey the ordinance requiring the placing of meters in the homes.

L. S. Hills, President Descret National The world is full of disordered stomnchs and 90 per cent of the money spent upon physicians and drugs goes in an attempt to cure the stomach. People are made to believe that in order to gain health they must doctor their stomachs and use catharties. So the doctor gets his fee for the stomach treatment and the druggist for the physic, until the savings of a lifetime are exhausted and yet no cure. Let's be reasonable.

The sick stomach is in every case the result of over-cating, hurried mas-tication and improper choice of foods. The mucous lining all the way down the food tract loses its sensitiveness, and when food is forced down the muscles fail to respond. They do not churn the food as they should. The glands no longer give out gastrie juice to dissolve the food and reader it cap-able of assimilation. The man has be-come a dyspeptic.

come a dyspeptic.

There is one sure way and only one to bring positive relief. Put into that stomach of yours the very elements that it lacks to get that food into liquid form. It takes pepsin, diastase, golden seal and other ferments to accomplish H. S. Young, of Deseret National Bank—
I think it vill come to a meter system
in order to save water. To a limited
extent only I think will the meter system injure lawns. The city should care
for the parkings, of course. I think the
city should stand the expense of the this. The healthy stomach contains these elements. The dyspeptic stom-ach lacks part or all of them. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is made up of just what the d speptic stomach lacks—unture's digestives.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not

Frank B. Stephens—I see no reason for a general meter system for the city, unless the matter of saving water demands. Until that condition arises, I do not think it wise to install a meter system. However, on the whole, if properly done, the meter system may be a saving to the customer. If it is bound to be the best thing, I do not think it would materially injure the lawns of the city, as I believe more water is used as it is than the lawns need to keep them green and growing, and it ought not to take long for pople to learn how to use less water with the same results. I should think under the same results. I should think under the regulation, that the installing most be paid by the property owner and an amount equal to the cost of a meter be deposited by the property owner.

George Y. Wallace—I am inclined to think.

Try a box at your deposits a Tablets are not a medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything but Dyspepsia and Indigestion and such ailments as arise from poorly digested food.

While they digest the food the stom ach recuperates. The mucous membrane is coming out of its stupor, the gastric juice as coming to the surface, the muscles are regaining to the surface. Every organ of the body takes on new life, the skin gains color, and the eves are no longer tinged with yellow. You live.

Why docter and why drug yourself! Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not a medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything medicine, not a drug, not a cathartic. They do not cure anybody of anything the but Dyspepsia

George Y. Wallace—I am inclined to think a good water meter system would be a good thing for city and consumer if properly used. It would not injure the lawns, as I do not believe many people would neglect their lawns, and the

the equitable distribution of water to the users in the city. In my opinion, the lawns would be better provided for water in the needy times than they are under the present system. The ques-tion of installing meters is one that I tion of installing meters is one that I have not given great attention to, but I think property owners ought to put in meters, but not in such manner as to work a hardship on small users of water and people of limited holdings of realty. I think that the system should be so administered that the small users would have the same price for water as the corporations.

Lester Freed—I feel like the young girl when first proposed to by her admirer—this is so sudden. I have given the matter no thought and don't feel competent to give such an answer as the gravity of the questions require. You may say, however, I favor any system that will redound to the greatest and best benefits of the citizens.

J. F. Grant—I think we have water.

J. F. Grant—I think we have water enough to meet all requirements. I don't think an extended meter system don't think an extended meter system is necessary, at least not now. I am aware that we have a few water hogs, people that will use water to the extent of going to waste. But, respecting this abuse, we have a law, which, if enforced, will punish this abuse. The water meter system, if now enforced, would work a hardship on a great many people, unable to bear the burden I am in favor of the conservation of water for the use of the city and am emphatically in favor of the enforcement of the law respecting its use as the law now exists.

emorcement of the law respecting its use as the law now exists.

Frank Harris—I favor the meter system, but not in such manner as to work a hardship on small users. If adopted along economical lines and always in the interest of the real estate owners, I mean the thousands in this city that own their own homes, I believe the system would be beneficial, and in the future would prove of inestimable benefit to the people. The water that now goes to waste every summer would, by the meter system, be utilized in the farms and gardens at the season when most needed. If the meter system for the extension of water in Sait Lake City can be adopted without adding to the tax burdens of the small property owners, I am in favor of it. I know it is the only equitable system for the equitable distribution of water in the city.

H. C. Moreton of the Atlantic Tea com pany and real estate ownersystem is, in my opinion, the equitable system to be adopted. If will, if properly administered, not only benefit the landlords of large establishments, but it will be an economic move for every property owner and water user in the city. The city should water user in the city. The city should nut in the meters and supervise the entire system. The city owns the water that enters into the use of the city and certainly the city should supervise its disposition, but not in such manner as to add to the burdens of the small home owners, of which there are thousands in this city.

Willard Done, state insurance er—I believe the city is not large enough for a water meter system. What is needed more than meters is the re-stricting of the use of water. The water waste by some should not be used to inflict a hardship on others. It used to inflict a hardship on others. It seems to me that if water is used with care and there is more conservation of the supply there should be plenty of water for the city. If there is not. Sait Lake will be in a bad fix when it gets a population of 200,000 or 250,000. There is no doubt about the effect on lawns. Many of our beautiful grass plots undoubtedly would be neglected if the people growing them had to pay so much for each thousand feet of water. I think that inasmuch as the city gets the benefit of the meter system it should bear the expense.

Fred W. Chambers, state fish and game

fem it should bear the expense.

Fred W. Chambers, state fish and game commissioner—As far as I personally am concerned I do not care much about the meters, because I use water from a flowing well. I do not, however, believe the people should be put to the expense of a water meter system. The are complaining now of high taxes. The effect on the lawns would be that half of them would be forgotten. If the meters are put in the city should by all means bear the expense.

J. C. Hise, United States immigration in-

J. C. Hise, United States immigration inspector—I am not posted on the water
supply of the city and cannot say
whether they should or should not be.
There can be no doubt about the effect
on the lawns. They would be neglected. When people are paying for
water they are extremely careful—so
careful that the water supply would be
conserved to an enormous extent and
lawns would be neglected. As to the
cost of the installation of the meter
system. I would say the city should
bear the expense by all means, as
the city will get the revenue.

H. Thiessen, director local office C. Hise, United States immigration in

A. H. Thiessen, director local office United States weather bureau—I do not believe there should be a meter system. While it would mean a saving of water, I do not think a saving is needed. Restrictions should be placed on the use of water. A meter system would be disastrous to lawns. The city by all means should bear the expense of putting in the system.

of putting in the system.

Willard Hansen, state food and dairy commissioner—People are complaining now of heavy taxes and any talk about a meter system would cause most neople to throw up their hands in horror. The people complain of having expense enough now without any water meters to check up on their pocketbooks. I think there should, however, be meters in factories where water is used in large amounts. The system, of course, would damage lawns and injure the appearance of the city. If the system is decided upon, the city should pay the expense, of course.

Dr. T. B. Beatty, secretary state board of health—I have not given the subject.

of health—I have not given the subject enough consideration to make a stand one way or another. I should say though, that meters on very reasonable rates would promote economy in the

rates would promote economy in the use of water.

R. Walker—I am radically opposed to the installation of a general system of water meters throughout this city. The city does not need such a thing yet. The installation of water meters would be exceedingly detrimental to the lawns of the city. Many people would refuse to pay the rate and let their lawns burn up. In case it is decided to put in the water meters, the city should pay for them.

J. M. Marriott-I am not in favor of the meter system. It will affect lawns, if done, the city should pay for the installation of the meters.

W. I. Frank—I am in favor of the meter system. The lawns would not suffer. Let the city put in the meters, and then let the citizens pay for them by paying for the water.

Isaac Hancock—I am not in favor of the meter system. It would affect lawns. I am willing to have more water tax if it is necessary. R. M. Beckstead, Captain of Delectives

am unalterably opposed to the meter system for small householders. The money expended to keep the meters in rejuir and maintain a meter reading department would far more than pro-tect the majority of water users from the "water log." Richard Shannon, Lieutenant of Police

Richard Shannon, Lieutenant of Pollee—
I believe the adoption of the meter plan would be an outrage. It is the rich, not the poor, who waste the city's water. The burden would fall upon those who are not able to pay. Let the city take the funds required to maintain the proposed meters and spend it conserving our present water supply, and all will be well.

barks, without a particle of mineral, and its vegetable ingredients always hasten the cure by toning up the stomach and digestive members. Home Treatment book and any medical will be well.

O. C. Brown, Police Patrol Driver—No meters at the taxpayers' expense for me. If they are needed, the city should install them without additional expense or increase of taxes. I do not believe much water is wasted by the small consumers.

John Lenzi, Desk Sergeant at the Police Station—I believe in the meter system, but feel that no additional exptense should be placed upon the taxpayer.

Germs in Her System

Every Woman Should Read This Advice and the Generous Offer That Goes With It.

The number of diseases poculiar to women is such that we believe this space would hardly contain a mere mention of their names, and it is a fact that most of these diseases are of a cutarrhal nature. A woman cannot be well if there is a trace of catarrh in her system.

me women think there is no help We positively declare this taken idea. We are so sure for them. to be a mistaken idea. We are so sure of this that we offer to supply medi-cine absolutely free of all cost in every instance where it fails to give satis-faction, or does not substantiate our claims. With this understanding, no woman should hesitate to believe our honesty of purpose, or hesitate to put

our claims to a test.

There is only one way to overcome catarrh. That way is through the blood. You may use all the snuffs, douches or like remedies for years with out getting more than temporary relief at best. Catarrh in general is a dis-eased condition of the system that shows locally most frequently in dis-charges from mucous membranes. Local treatment should be assisted by internal treatment for the general diseased con-dition if a complete cure is to be reached. That internal treatment should be scientifically devised and faithfully administered.

Rexall Mucu Tone is scientifically pre-

Rexall Mucu Tone is a terminate pared from the prescription of an eminent physician who for thirty years made entarch his specialty. This reminded the property of the prescription of the made catarrh his specialty. This rem ment of the catarrhal ailments of wo men. It purifies and enriches the blood, tends to stop mucous discharges, aids in removing impurities from the system, soothes, heals and strengthens the muous tissues, and brings about a feelng of health and strength.
We want you to try Rexall Mucu-

Tone on our guarantee. If you are not benefited, or for any reason not satisfied, simply tell us and we will hand back your money. Rexall Mucu-Tone comes in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies only at—The Rexall Stores—Druehl & Franken, 27% South Main; Smith Drug Co., "The Busy Corner"; Smith Drug Co. No. 2, Kenyon Hotel Block, 215 Main street.

should be required to install a meter. Establishing the meter system would affect the lawns.

J. Crabtree-The man who disregards the law and wastes water should be warned, and then, if he persists in so doing, he should have the water shut off until he installs a meter. One who is careful should not be required to in-stall a meter. It would affect lawns. stall a meter. It would affect lawns.

Thomas Gavin, proprietor of the Moxum hotel—Why, it is the only equitable system that can be adopted. If you want fine lawns, fruitful gardens, you must have a reliable water supply. This you can only be assured of through the meter system. As to whether the property owners of the city should put in the meters. I am not prepared to vouchsafe an opinion, but this is a matter of minor consideration. Give us an equitable distribution of water in the needy season and we will not kick as to the ownership of meters. In my opinion, however, I think the city, which owns the water, ought to have full control in the distribution of its property.

G. S. Holmes, proprietor of the Knuts-

water, ought to have full control in the distribution of its property.

G. S. Holmes, proprietor of the Knutsford and Semloh hotels—I am in favor of a meter water system. It is the only equitable manner for the distribution of its water. The city owns the water and in its distribution the rights of every stockholder, which means every water users should be taken care of. The small users of water ought not to be required to pay more than those institutions that use a great deal. In other words, I favor a fair distribution. This will, if enforced, be beneficial to the lawns, because every user of water will use only so much as is necessary to promote the beauty of lawns, orchards and shrubbery, and keep them up to the highest standard of attraction during the season of grass and flowers. Of course, the city must regulate all this, and its duty is to furnish meters to all water users in such manner as not to entail unnecessary bur-

BLOOD DISEASES Edward F. Barnes, January 1, Second South between Main and State, gunshot wound, 18 years. CONTAGIOUS TROUBLES

Contagious Blood Poison more thoroughly permeates the system than amy other disease. Its infectious virus contaminates every corpuscle and tissue of the circulation, and for this reason its symptoms are of a varied nature. When it enters the blood it is but a short time until the mouth and throat begin to ulcerate, the skin becomes spotted, rashes and eruptions appear on the body, sores and ulc rs break out, the hair falls, and frequently nails on hands and feet thicken and come off. Mineral medicines which simply shut the poison up in the system should be avoided, for when such treatment is left off the old disease will break out again, often worse than before. S. S. S. cures Contagious Blood Poison permanently, and it does so because it thoroughly purifies the

goes into the circulation, and drives out the last trace of the destructive germs, adds

richness and vigor to the circulation and allows it to nourish the diseased portions of the body back to health. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, being made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, without a particle of mineral,

COMFORT FOR SORE HANDS AND FEET

but feel that no additional expenses should be placed upon the taxpayer.

W. F. Jensen. President of the Jensen Creamery Company—I believe that the meter system is a good plan, as it will do away with the waste and should, in time, cheapen the price of water. It would not affect the lawns, and if the people paid for the meters they would take care of them, and I believe this should be the case.

Samuel Weitz, Secretary and Treasurer of Kahn Bros. Co.—For small places the meter would be an outrage. If one is found wasting the water, however, it found is found wasting the water, however, it found is found wasting the water, however, it is superior to all other skin soaps for preserving the hands, preventing redness, roughness and chapting redness, roughness

den on people unable to meet it. The meter system is all right—a modern method—beneficial to the lawns. The meters should be furnished by the city. In such manner as to work no hard-ship, and the system of water supply be made self-sustaining.

be made self-sustaining.

H. V. Van Pelt, attorney and member of the board of education—Most assuredly I favor a water meter system. It is the only method by which water can be distributed all over the city. The water belongs to us, and it is our duty to see that every one is treated allke, the small user the same as the larger. In respect of the installation of meters, whether by property owners or by the city. I favor the method that will bear the least hardship upon the small users of water.

P. M. Gorman, master plumber—I am not

small usors of water.

M. Gorman, master plumber—I am not in favor of the water meter system to be extended through the city, at least not now. Conditions at present don't warrant the installation of meters. They are not a necessity and the life of a meter is only about three years, so you can readily see that their use, except as an absolute necessity, would be an unnecessary expense to the realty owners of the city.

M. Stienfalls.

owners of the city.

J. W. Stringfellow, attorney—When the time comes that a water meter system is necessary. I am in favor of it. I think it will be the means of making a more equitable distribution of water than we have ever had in Salt Lake. It will, if adopted, do away, to a large extent, with favoritism and in some degree discipline the water hog. But in my judgment the entire water system should be under the control of the city. We are the owners and the users of the water should be under municipal direction.

direction.

Jesse N. Smith, treasurer and manager United Grocery company—Although I have not given this water meter business any study, it occurred to me today that if a water meter system is adopted, there will not be as much water used in the city in the way of beautifying the lawns. We have one of the most attractive cities in the country now and we don't want to do anything that will retard its development or make it loss interesting. If we have to pay for every bit of water that is used there are a great many persons who will cut down expenses by turning less water onto the grass and flowers. If the meter system is adopted, I believe the city should put in the meters and not burden the property owners with this additional expense. I don't think the city should try and make money cut of its water system.

Samuel Gallagher-Salt Lake City does samuel Gallagher—Salt Lake City does not need a meter system, in my opinion. Of course, such a system would benefit a person that owns a large block, where it is necessary to pay for each tap used, but the man who owns his little home would not be benefited by such a system. I believe. Then, if a meter system was in operation, there would be less water used on the lawns. The woman who does Then, if a meter system was in operation, there would be less water used on the lawns. The woman who does her own washing would not do as good a job, because she would think that it was costing her too much money. The washwoman would never please, because she would be using too much water, in the opinion of the woman of the house. No, I am not in favor of such a system. There is an excellent supply of water in this city and there should be no shortage for a long time, if ever.

Rain for Thirty-six Years.

A complete detailed summary of precipitation in nearly every part of the state for the use of farmers, hydraulise has been published by the Sait Lake office of the United States weather bureau.

Bain for Thirty-six Years.

A complete detailed summary of precipitation in nearly every part of the state for the use of farmers, hydraulise that it was costing her too much has been published by the Sait Lake office of the United States weather bureau.

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A complete detailed summary of precipitation in nearly every part of the state for the use of farmers, hydraulise that it was costing her too much has been published by the Sait Lake office of the United States weather bureau.

By referring to the average rainfall in any part of the state. The bulletin can be obtained by writing to A. H. Thiessen, director of the Sait Lake office, United States weather bureau.

Salt Lake Statistics

Frank B. Henderson, 930 North Third Vest, girl.

Axel F. Larson, 262 Chicago street, boy.
Aaron Cline, 133 Third avenue, boy.
David N. Purdie, 127 North Fourth

West, hoy.

Joseph M. Smith, 730 South Seventh
West, girl.

William S. McCarthy, 815 First South.

girl. Theodore A. Baldwin, Judge-Mercy hosiktal, boy. Charles F. Franiry, 210 South Fourth West, girl. Ernest W. Redford, 816 West First South, boy. A. A. Stringfellow, 626 South Ninth A. A. S West, girl.

Charles James Mullett, January 4, 680
Wall street, apoplexy, 70 years.
Emil Saari, December 30, St. Mark's
hospital, typhoid fever, 26 years.
Grant B. Swanson, January 3, 1090
Lake street, pneumonia, 1 year.
Alice Houde, January 5, St. Mark's
hospital, cerebral tumor, 22 years.
Charles R. Ross, January 4, 1407 South
Seventh East, tuberculosis, 37 years.
Ann E. Groesbeck, January 2, 76 H
street, nephritis, 55 years.
Elle Linde, January 4, 5 Case avenue,
diphtheria, 1 year.
Joseph Fielding Neerings, January 5,
803 Colorado avenue, pneumonia, 3 years.
Otto E. Stevenson, January 1, St.
Mark's hospital, pneumonia, 59 years.
Edward F. Barnes, January 1, Second Charles James Mullett, January 4, 680

Marriage Licenses. Archibald G. McIntyre and Ida Tre-reck, Sult Lake. Herbert D. Bats and Bertha Greive,

Real Estate Transfers

Two million dollars guarantees the security of every abstract made by the Salt Lake Security & Trust Co., 32 Up. Main. We own our records.

SAYS APPEAL WOULD HAVE BEEN PROPER REMEDY

The supreme court handed down an opinion Thursday afterhoon quashing the application by W. D. Page for a writ of certiorari made against the Commercial National bank. H. P. Clark, trustee, and the Third district court. The supreme court holds that an appeal would be the proper remedy.

The case is that of the Commercial National bank and H. P. Clark, trustee, against Page & Brinton and the Utab Savings and Trust company. The bank and Clark alleged that Page & Brinton were indebted to the bank \$37,000; that the firm was insolvent, but that \$20,000 was due it from the government for work on an irrigation project in Idaho, as well as other sums. A receiver was asked.

as well as other sums. A receiver was asked.

Service was made on D. B. Brinton, who had left the firm, and the lower court appointed C. S. Varian receiver and ordered the firm to turn over to him all its assets, in conformity with an agreement with the trustee. Page applied for a writ of certiforari.

WEATHER OBSERVER WILL TALK TO HORTICULTURISTS

Arrangements have been made to Arrangements have been made to have A. H. Thiessen, observer at the United States weather bureau in Salt Lake City, address the members of the Salt Lake county Horticultural society at the Granite stake meeting-house, Fourteenth South and State streets, at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, January 18.

Mr. Thiessen will talk on weather forecasts as applied to the horticultural industry. Methods of protecting the frait following frost predictions in the spring will be dealt with, among other items of interest to the horticulturist.

"WHY BE SO THIN?"

hinness is Embarrassing, Unhealthy and Not Natural-Formula Now Used Which Adds From One to Three Pounds a Week.

Every one ought to have some extra desh on the bony structure of the body, both for the sake of health and self-

sorth for the sake of heart.

South for the sake of heart.

Most thin people are sensitive to the harsh, unfeeling criticisms which are constantly being hurled at them by the more fortunate well-figured persons.

Every one ittles a thin, bony horse, but horses don't know it—while thin people are both pitied and ridiculed. It ought not to be so, but it is.

A well rounded figure, be it man or woman, excites admiration; not only for woman, excites admiration; not only for

A well rounded figure, be it man or woman, excites admiration; not only for the figure but for the bright eyes, pink checks, red lips, and vigorous carriage which accompany a well-nourished body. Strength, health, beauty and sound fiesh abound, if the blood and nerves get enough nourishment out of the food caten. This prescription aids nature; helps absorption, digestion and assimilation; helps distribute the blood and nerve elements which make sound fiesh. Get the ingredients and make it at home, and see how very fast you gain in weight. ounces of essence of pepsin, three ounces syrup of rhubarb. Then add one ounce compound essence cardiol, shake and let stand two hours; then add one ounce incture cadomene compound, (not carda nom), Shake well and take a teaspoonfu before meals and one after meals. Also drink plenty of water between meals and when retiring. Weigh yourself before be-

NATIONAL GUARD WILL RESUME REGULAR DRILL

Regular drills will be resumed by the national guardsmen, beginning next Monday night. Since the return from the annual encampment in Wyoming last August, the equipment at the armory on Pierpont street has been completely overhauled and put in first class condition. When the boys gather at the armory-Monday night an informal discussion on questions relative to the welfare of the guard will be held, and tentative plans for the annual banquet to be given next month will also be taken up.

A campaign for new members will be inaugurated and the guardsmen plan to make 1911 one of the most prosperous in the history of the organization.

Rescues Women GRAEFENBERG UTERINE CATHOLICON has 65 years

All women suffering from weaknesses or irregularities should know of this well-tried old remedy. Experiment no longer-but start at once on the road to complete health by using the Catholicon Prepared from native roots and herbs perfectly harmless to the most delicately

Your druggist can supply you. If he THE GRAEFENBERG CO.

SALT LAKE

Tonight and Tomorrow Night SATURDAY MATINEE

Lillian Russell

"In Search of a Sinner"

Only Matinee Saturday. Prices-Evening, 50c to \$2.00; Matinee, 25c to \$1.50.

COLONIAL

Mon., Tues., Wed., Jan. 9, 10, 11. SEATS NOW ON SALE The Reigning Dramatic Triumph!



The Supreme Drama of Theills! Prices \$2.00. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c and 50c. "Pop" Matinee Wednesday, \$1 to 25c.



GEORGE BEBAN. Three White Kuhns.
Miss Felice Morris and Company
Alexander and Scott. The Great Asahi.
Lew Wells.
Mansfield and Clarke. Orpheum Motion Pictures. Matines prices, 15c, 25c, 50c, Night prices, 25c, 50c, 75c.

IND 3737 PHONES 1557 BELL

ALL THIS WEEK. production of The Prisoner of Zenda Matinees Thurs, and Sat. Next week,

"THE CHRISTIAN."

The Revier

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK WILLARD MACK MAUDE LEONE

present Wm. Gill's Comedy.

"The Rajah's Daughter" Matinee Saturday.

Next Week-The Three Musketeers.